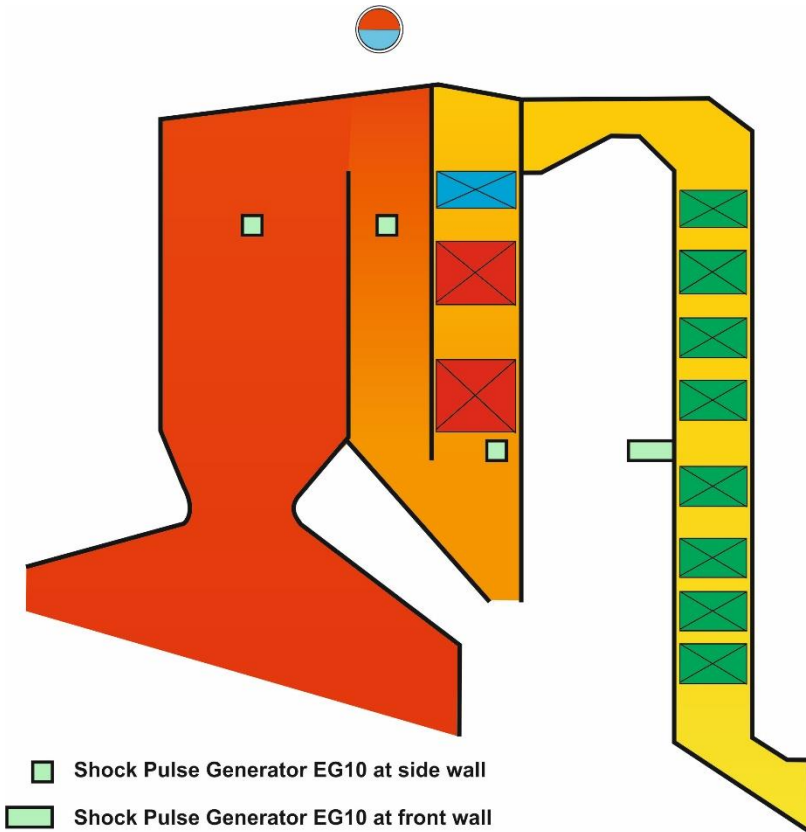


# Reference Plant

## Biomass Boiler Silbitz / DE



- 28 t/h steam capacity, 46 bar, 425°C
- 4 pass vertical boiler
- Boiler width: 3.9m; 3<sup>rd</sup> pass: W3.9xL2.2m
- Bundle height: 0.7 / 1.9 / 1.9 / 1 m
- 4 x EG10, since 10/2011 (1<sup>st</sup> pass; 2<sup>nd</sup> pass; 3<sup>rd</sup> pass: below SH1; 4<sup>th</sup> pass: middle of pass)
- Very positive cleaning effect in 1<sup>st</sup> pass: large build up at the walls can be completely avoided. Before, such build ups made it necessary to stop the plant, when they fell down onto the grate.
- Because of better cleaning of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> pass, the flue gas temperature at inlet to 3<sup>rd</sup> pass is constantly lower.
- Due to the lower flue gas temperature, the cleaning of the third pass with 1 EG10 and 3 sootblowers is more efficient. Therefore additional manual explosive cleaning is not necessary any more.
- 1 EG10 can keep the Economizer clean, sometimes with additional sootblowing.
- The sootblower operation in 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> pass was strongly reduced.
- Plant supplier: Standardkessel
- Plant operator: PNE Wind

# Biomass Boiler Silbitz: pictures of furnace walls before and after installation of SPG



Before installation of Shock Pulse Generator:  
Year 2010, after 10 weeks of boiler operation

Large slagging / deposits are visible at the membrane walls and at the refractory.

Several times, large size slag lunks were falling down after some time due to heavy weight and blocked the deslagger or damaged the stoker



After installation of the Shock Pulse Generator:  
Year 2015, after 12 weeks of operation

Slag and deposits are cleaned off from membrane wall and from refractory by the Shock Pulses of the SPG.

There were no further blockages of the deslagger, nor damages to the stoker.